MODULE 13

UNIFIED COMMAND

MODULE OVERVIEW

- Origin and description of Unified Command
- Advantages and applications
- Primary features of Unified Command

MODULE OVERVIEW

- Guidelines for use of Unified Command
- Responsibilities of the Unified Commander

MODULE OBJECTIVES

- Define Unified Command
- Define the advantages of Unified Command
- Define the kinds of situations which may call for a Unified Command organization

MODULE OBJECTIVES

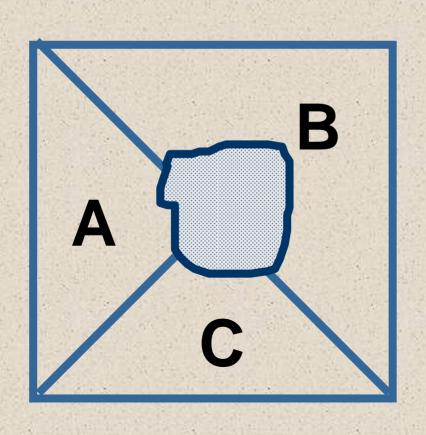
- Identify primary features of a Unified Command
- Describe roles and reporting relationships under Unified Command involving agencies from the same jurisdiction, and under multi-jurisdiction conditions

MODULE OBJECTIVES

- Describe areas of cost sharing which might apply under a Unified Command structure
- Given a simulated situation, describe an appropriate Unified Command organization

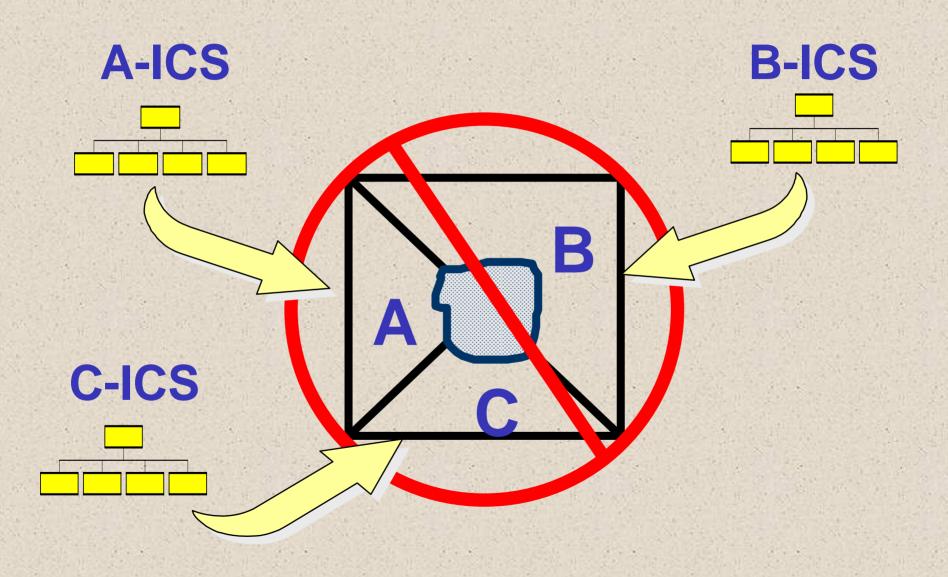
INCIDENT INVOLVING THREE JURISDICTIONS

CREATE A UNIFIED COMMAND

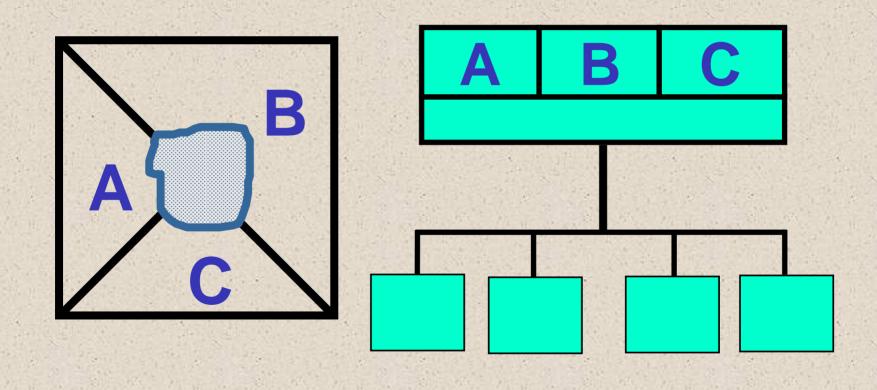




TYPICAL INCIDENT



UNIFIED COMMAND



ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS

ELEMENTS

ICS UNIFIED COMMAND

OBJECTIVES POLICY



JURISDICTIONS AGENCIES

ORGANIZATION



UNIFIED COMMAND STRUCTURE

RESOURCES



AGENCY PERSONNEL EQUIPMENT

OPERATIONS



SINGLE OPERATIONS SECTION CHIEF

WHY USE UNIFIED COMMAND?

- Practical
- Cost effective
- Improves incident management

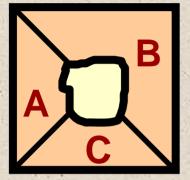
ADVANTAGES OF USING UNIFIED COMMAND

- One set of objectives
- Collective approach to strategies
- Improved information flow and coordination
- Better understanding of objectives, priorities, limitations, and restrictions

ADVANTAGES OF USING UNIFIED COMMAND

- Each agency's plans, actions, and constraints are known
- No compromise of authority
- Optimizes combined efforts of all agencies
- Cost effective

UNIFIED COMMAND APPLICATIONS





Incidents That Affect More Than One Political Jurisdiction





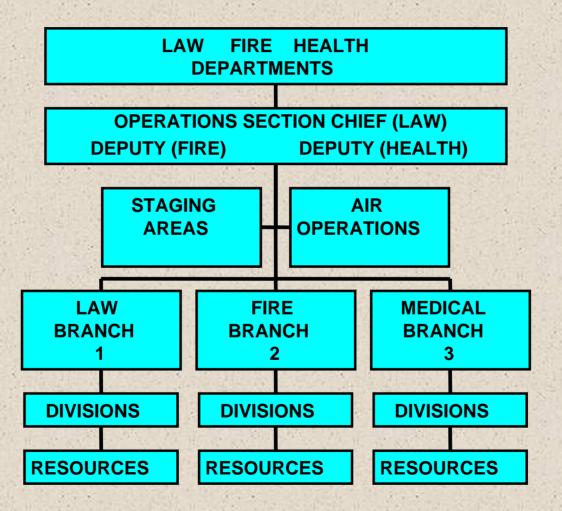
Incidents Involving
Multiple Agencies
Within a Jurisdiction





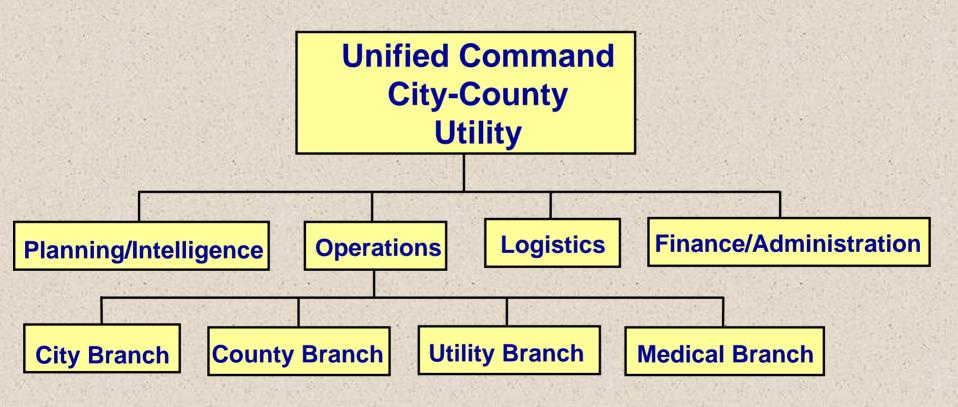
Incidents That Impact on Multiple Geographic and Functional Agencies

UNIFIED INCIDENT COMMAND



(SINGLE/TEAMS/TASK FORCES)

MULTI-JURISDICTION BRANCH ORGANIZATION



UNIFIED COMMAND FEATURES

- Single integrated incident organization
- Collocated facilities
- Integrated planning process -Incident Action Plan

UNIFIED COMMAND FEATURES

- Shared planning/intelligence, logistical and finance/admin. functions
- Coordinated resource ordering

A UNIFIED COMMAND ORGANIZATION DEPENDS ON:

- The location of the incident, which often determines the jurisdictions that must be involved
- The kind of incident, which dictates the functional agencies of the involved jurisdiction(s), as well as other agencies that may be involved

PURPOSE OF THE UNIFIED COMMAND MEETING

- State jurisdictional/agency priorities and objectives
- Present jurisdictional limitations, concerns, restrictions
- Develop a collective set of incident objectives

PURPOSE OF THE COMMAND MEETING

- Establish and agree on acceptable priorities
- Adopt an overall strategy(ies)
- Agree on the basic organization structure
- Designate an acceptable Operations Section Chief

PURPOSE OF THE COMMAND MEETING

- Agree on planning/intelligence, logistical and finance/ administration procedures
- Agree on the resource ordering process
- Agree on cost-sharing procedures

PURPOSE OF THE COMMAND MEETING

- Agree on informational matters
- Designate one agency official as a unified spokesperson



COMMAND MEETING REQUIREMENTS

- The command meeting should include only agency Incident Commanders
- The meeting should be brief, and important points should be documented

COMMAND MEETING REQUIREMENTS

Prior to the meeting, the responsible officials should review the purposes and agenda items, and be prepared to discuss them

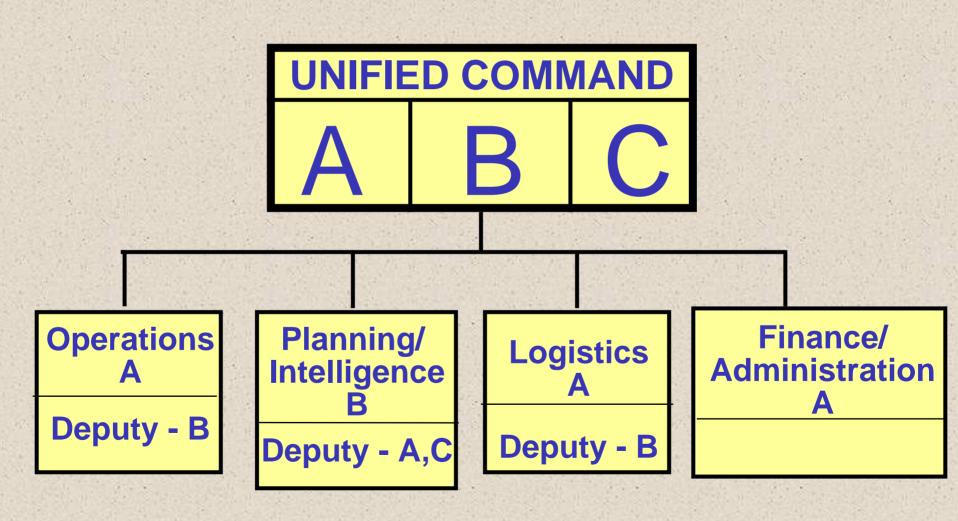
INCIDENT ACTION PLANNING MEETING RESULTS ARE USED TO:

- Decide on tactical operations for the next operational period
- Establish the Unified Operations Section organization
- Establish combined logistics, planning/intelligence, and finance/administration as needed

INCIDENT ACTION PLANNING MEETING RESULTS ARE USED TO:

- Establish resource requirements and determine resource availability and sources
- Make resource assignments

USE OF DEPUTY POSITIONS UNDER UNIFIED COMMAND



GUIDELINES FOR USING UNIFIED COMMAND

- Understand ICS Unified Command
- Collocate essential functions
- Start early to use ICS

GUIDELINES FOR USING UNIFIED COMMAND

Agree on OperationsSection Chief

Designate a spokesperson if necessary

Dept.

■ Train often as a team (

UNIFIED COMMANDER'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- Be clear on agency policy and limitations
- Have proper authorization
- Manage effectively
- Work as a team!!!

MANAGING IN UNIFIED COMMAND MEANS:

- Working closely and together with other IC's
- Providing sufficient, qualified staff/resources
- Anticipating and resolving problems

MANAGING IN UNIFIED COMMAND MEANS:

- Delegating authority as needed
- Inspecting and evaluating performance
- Communicating with own agency on priorities, plans, problems, and progress

LEVELS OF COORDINATION REQUIRED IN UNIFIED COMMAND

- With other members of the Unified Command
- With higher authorities, agency administrators